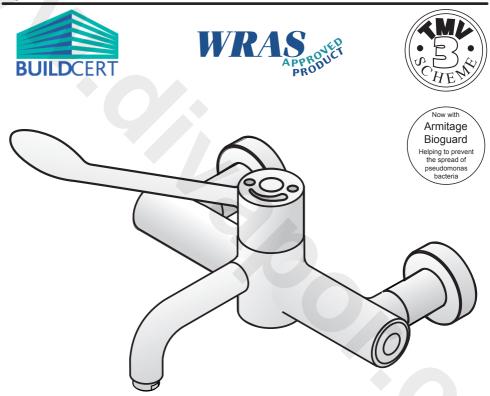




Armitage Shanks

Markwik 21 Sequential lever operated thermostatic mixers

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



A6243AA Markwik panel mounted mixer (demountable) with removable spout & Armitage Bioguard outlet

IMPORTANT

BEFORE CONNECTION, FLUSH WATER THROUGH PIPEWORK TO REMOVE ALL DEBRIS ETC. WHICH COULD DAMAGE THE VALVE MECHANISM

INSTALLER: After installation please pass this instruction booklet to user



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2 DESCRIPTION



Markwik 21 panel mounted mixer (demountable) with removable spout & Armitage Bioguard outlet

This manual covers the panel mounted, thermostatically controlled, sequential, lever operated mixer. This is designed to provide water from ambient cold up to a safe maximum temperature for hand washing. This product is fitted with an Armitage Bioguard outlet which reduces the opportunity for bio film attachment and is lined with anti-microbial copper.

It is intended to be installed on duct panel walls.

The panel thickness should be in the range 13 - 27 mm. Two holes, of diameter 30mm nominal, will be required to be cut in the panel at centres of 200mm.

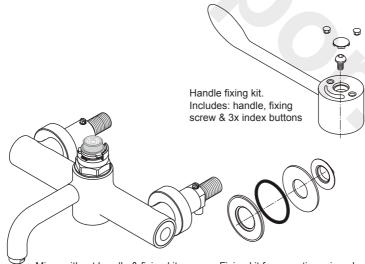
This mixing valve is supplied with integral isolating valves, strainers, check valves and flow regulators and is provided with a facility for thermal disinfecting of the cold inlet side and mixed water outlet.

The hot side of the body and the inlet is insulated to ensure the body surface is maintained at a safe temperature when the fitting is in operation.

In response to the new requirements of HTM 04-01 Addendum, the design of Markwik mixers has been enhanced to permit easy demounting of the mixer from the inlets.

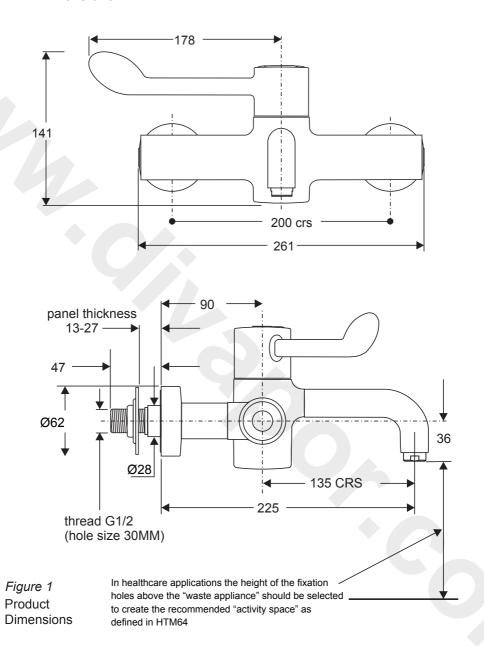
This updated design of Markwik 21 products permits quick & easy removal of the mixer & its spout for cleaning, disinfection & maintenance purposes.

3 PRODUCT BOX CONTENTS



Mixer without handle & fixing kit. Protective cover fitted to cartridge spline Fixing kit for mounting mixer. Includes 2 off each: back plates, o-rings, slip washers & back-nuts

3.1 Dimensions



IMPORTANT: Prior to installing mixer, ensure that any <u>existing</u> thermostatic mixing valves (TMVs) that may be fitted are removed

4 WATER SUPPLY CONDITIONS

4.0 Water regulations

The fittings covered by this installation and maintenance instruction should be installed in accordance with the water regulations published in 1999*, therefore Armitage Shanks would strongly recommend that these fittings are installed by a professional installer

*A guide to the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999 and the Water Byelaws 2000, Scotland is published by WRAS (Water Regulations Advisory Scheme) Fern Close, Pen-y-Fan Industrial Estate, Oakdale, Newport, NP11 3EH. ISBN 0-9539708-0-9

4.1 Introduction

This sequential thermostatic lever operated mixer is manufactured to the highest standards and has approval to TMV3 which permits it to be installed in healthcare establishments such as hospitals, nursing homes and residential care homes. When installed in healthcare establishments the supply conditions detailed in Table 1 must be observed and the commissioning and servicing requirements detailed on section 7 & 8 must be followed.

For other installations this is not a requirement.

4.2 Supply Pressure Requirements

This mixer is designed to be installed on all types of plumbing systems.

Hot and cold water supply pressures should be reasonably balanced, however, the mixer will function within specification on unequal pressures up to 5:1.

The mixer has integral isolating valves which permit servicing of the strainer, flow regulator & thermostatic cartridge. They are also used for thermal disinfection.

The minimum pressure for the correct thermal operation is 0.2 bar. However, in order to achieve an acceptable flow performance at very low pressures it may be necessary to remove the flow regulators (10). IMPORTANT: DO NOT REMOVE check valves fitted inside the inlet tails (19) - see figure 13.

4.3 Healthcare Establishments

In accordance with the NHS model engineering specifications DO8 this valve has approval for the following applications:-

High Pressure HP- -WE Low Pressure LP- -WE

For this type of application the following supply conditions must apply:

Operating pressure range:	High Pressure	Low Pressure
Maximum static pressure	10 bar	10 bar
Flow pressure hot and cold	1 to 5.0 bar	0.2 to 1.0 bar
Hot supply temperature	55 to 65 °C	55 to 65 °C
Cold supply temperature	5 to 20 °C	5 to 20 °C

Note:

Fittings operating outside these conditions cannot be guaranteed by the scheme to operate as **TMV3**.

*52°C absolute minimum can be used but not recommended

Table 1 Supply conditions for healthcare establishments

Effectively this means:

Differential between HOT and COLD inlet temperatures (Δt) must be 32C° min and 60C° max Differential between HOT inlet temperature and MIXED temperature (Δt) must be 11C° absolute minimum but > 14C° preferred

See 7.3 Audit checks on TMV's

5 INSTALLATION GUIDE

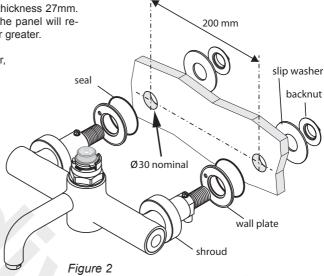
This mixer is designed to be panel mounted on a duct wall of maximum panel thickness 27mm. For thicker panels the rear of the panel will require a counter bore of 62mm or greater.

Cut two holes of 30mm diameter, horizontally aligned to 200mm centres in the wall.

See figure 1 for height positioning of mixer over a "waste appliance".)

Loosen the chrome shrouds and insert the fitting as shown above with the wall plates and seals to the front of the wall

Fit the slip washers and do up the backnuts to a torque of 25 Nm. Screw the shrouds onto the wall plates.



Installation - panel mounting

Connect the plumbing using G1/2 swivel couplers.

DO NOT apply heat near this product. Heat generated by soldering could damage plastic parts and seals.

Check that all joints are securely tightened, test for leaks.

5.1 Flushing with hydro-purging kit

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Before operating the product, it is strongly recommended to flush the pipe work to remove any residues or debris remaining after installation. A purge kit is available for this purpose. Fig 3

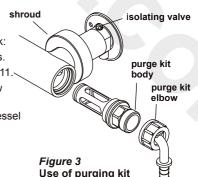
A purging kit - A4556AA (not included) designed to flush out debris from the pipe-work after installation is available from Customer Care (see section14)

The following procedure should be used to flush the pipe work:

- 1. Unscrew and slide back shrouds, close both isolating valves.
- 2. Remove both maintenance carriers as described in section 11.
- 3. Screw the purge kit bodies into both sides of product. Screw elbows onto the ends of the purge kit bodies.
- 4. Open isolating valves and allow water to discharge into a vessel

Note: suitable tubing can be push fitted onto elbows if required.

5. Once system has been purged, reverse this procedure.



5.2 Fixation of handle

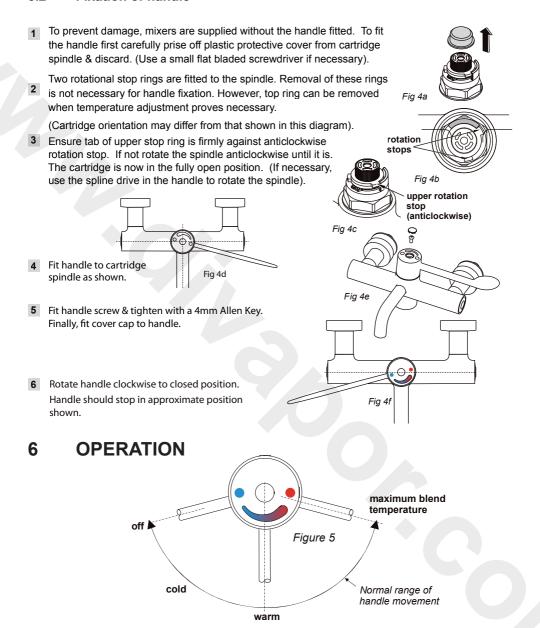


Figure 5 Showing the handle control positions.

As the handle is rotated anti-clockwise from the off position the delivered water progresses from cold through warm to the maximum temperature of approximately 41°C

7 COMMISSIONING AND AUDITS

The following procedure should be conducted after installation to ensure the product is functioning correctly.

7.1 Purpose of commissioning

- To confirm the correct designation of product versus application.
- To confirm the correct supply water conditions for the product / installation.
- To adjust the mixed temperature if necessary to suit the water supply conditions of the installation.
- To check the product is performing properly.
- To start an audit log and record appropriate data.

This product is factory set at 40 - 41°C with supplies of circa; 3 bar balanced pressure and temperatures of 17°C cold & 57°C hot (i.e. an inlet Δt of 40°C & a hot / mix Δt of 17°C) For supply requirements, see 4.0 Water Supply Conditions.

7.2 Commissioning Process (see decision tree FC1)

- Establish that the supply conditions are within the requirements outlined above. If not investigate.
- When conditions are acceptable record them, together with hot and cold temperatures. Establish Δt .

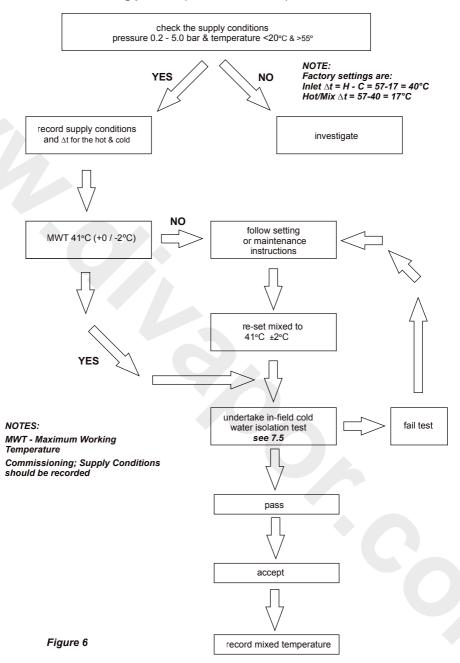
Check the outlet mix temperature is within 41°C + / - 2°C, if not (probably due to $\Delta t > 5$ C° difference to factory setting) adjust appropriately. (see 9.1)

• If mixed temperature is correct undertake an 'in field' cold water isolation (CWI) test: (see 7.5)

Pass – restore supply and record mixed temperature.

Fail - See 7.5 in-field 'Cold Water Isolation' test.

7.2 cont. Commissioning process (decision tree FC1)



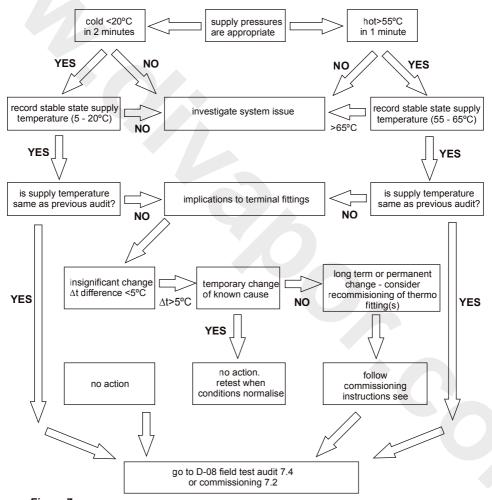
7.3 Audit Checks on TMV's

The purpose of a performance audit of a product is:

- To check the product continues to perform properly.
- To flag the need for the product to be adjusted due to supply condition changes or mechanism ageing.
- To ultimately identify the need for product maintenance.

Note - Additionally these audits facilitate regular verification of the supply conditions in accordance with HTM 04 requirements. (See decision tree FC3)

Audit of Supplies To Fittings (FC3)



7.4 Audit procedure (see decision tree FC2)

 Verify the water supplies conditions are similar to when the product was commissioned i.e. inlet ∆t as previous + / -5C°

Note: If inlet Δt change is > 5C° consider the cause of the change, If it is seen as a long term or permanent change, re-commission the product. If however, it is only a temporary change, retest when normal conditions resume.

- If inlet Δt differs from the commissioning Δt by < 5C° carry out field 'cold water isolation' (CWI) test as D-08: 2009. (see 7.5 in field Cold Water Isolation test failure.)
- Pass restore the cold supply and move on to check the mix temperature.

Note: If the product fails CWI test, refer to 7.5 and then re-commission the valve.

 Mixed Temperature is as commissioned ±2C°, Accept and record the temperature.

Note: If mixed Deviation > ±2C° (1st instance) reset mix as instructions and redo the test from start. See 9.1 Adjustment of the mix temperature.

 2nd & subsequent instances follow maintenance instructions.

7.5 In-field 'Cold Water Isolation' (CWI) test.

Note: To gain access to the cold water isolating valve, unscrew the right hand shroud (42) & slide forward to expose the isolating screw on top of the cold inlet leg (see fig 13, section 12). Using a flat-blade screw driver, the screw can be rotated 90° anti-clockwise to isolate the cold water supply.

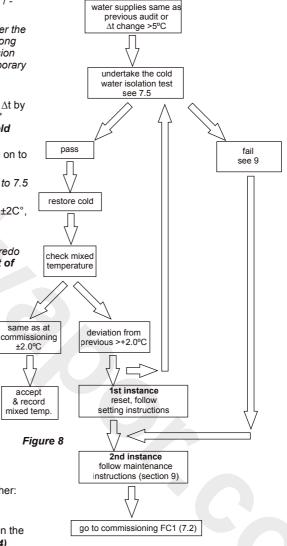
Before commencing the CWI test, ensure:

- 1. The water supply conditions are met either:
 - A. For commissioning a new product (see table 1, section 4).
 - B. Or the inlet Δt is within $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C to when the product was commissioned (see 7.4).

NOTE It is important that the hot temperature is greater than 55°C

2. Mixed water outlet temperature is correct (see table 2, section 8).

Fitting Field Test Audit (FC2)



To perform a CWI test, operate the product by rotating the lever fully to the right. Then conduct the following procedure:

- 1. Record the steady state temperature of both hot and cold water supplies. Note the Δt .
 - 2. Record the temperature of the mixed water at the outlet.
 - Isolate the cold water supply (by rotating the isolating screw 90° & monitor the flow of water from the outlet.

If the flow ceases, CWI test passed:

- 1. Restore the cold water supply by rotating the isolator screw 90° clockwise.
- 2. Slide the shroud back & screw onto the wall plate.
- 3. Re-check the temperature of the stabilised mixed water at the outlet to ensure it is still correct. Accept & record mixed temperature.

If there is an ongoing flow of water from the mixed water outlet, then 5 seconds after CWI collect the discharging water into a measuring vessel for 60 seconds. To pass the CWI test the volume of collected water should be less than 120ml.

If the product fails CWI test, see FC2 (see section 7.4). Follow product maintenance (see section 9) and servicing (see section 8) instructions.

8 SERVICING - TVM3 SCHEME

The need for servicing is normally identified as a result of the regular performance auditing.

Application	Maximum mixed water temperature during normal operation	Permitted maximum temperature rise recorded during site testing	
Washbasin	41°C	43°C	

Table 2 A guide to maximum temperature sets

8.1 FREQUENCY OF REGULAR SERVICING

The purpose of servicing regularly is to monitor any changes in performance due to changes in either the system or the product. This may highlight the need to adjust either the supply system or the product. These products should be audited 6 to 8 weeks and again 12 to 15 weeks after commissioning. The

results are to be compared against original commissioning settings.

If there are no significant changes at the mixed temperature outlet then a 6 monthly servicing cycle may

If there are no significant changes at the mixed temperature outlet then a 6 monthly servicing cycle may be adopted. Otherwise, servicing checks should be carried out more frequently (e.g. every 4 months).

Follow the recommended auditing and maintenance procedures detailed in sections 7 & 9.

During servicing, note the following:

- 1. Repeat the procedure of recording and checking supply temperatures. (The same type of measuring equipment should be used)
- **2.** If the temperature has changed significantly from the previously recorded valves, the following should be checked:
 - a. All in-line or integral valve filters are clear of obstruction.
 - b. All in-line or integral check valves are clean and working properly to prevent backflow.
 - c. Any isolating valves are fully open.
 - d. The thermostat is free of debris
- **3.** When satisfied with the mixed outlet temperatures re-record the temperatures.

MAINTENANCE 9

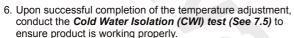
When installed as a TMV3 application it is a requirement that the commissioning and maintenance procedures, detailed under 7 & 8, be carried out.

9.1 Adjustment of the mix temperature

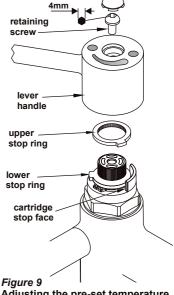
- Note: Cartridge is factory pre-set at 40 41°C.
- 1. Move the lever to the fully on (max) position.
- 2. Remove the lever by prising out the cover button and unscrewing the retaining screw using a 4mm Allen key.
- 3. Remove the upper Anti clockwise stop ring (slide off spindle).
- 4. Rotate spindle (using lever handle) to achieve correct mix temperature. (40 - 41°C) Rotate clockwise to reduce and anti-clockwise to increase
- 5. Refit the upper stop ring against cartridge stop face.

Note: 1. This is the normal maximum temperature range for the product and as such there is a wide zone of spindle movement that gives this mix temperature. For best performance you should refit the stop at the first point of anticlockwise rotation that achieves the desired setting.

Note: 2. If you are unable to achieve 40 - 41°C Max and you have the correct Δt 's it may be due to fine debris. See 9.2 Removal and inspection of cartridge.



7. Refit the lever and record the mix temperature.



Adjusting the pre-set temperature

9.2 Removal and inspection of cartridge

After checking that supply conditions are within the specified parameters (see table 1), if the fitting malfunctions or should the test results fail to fall within the specified limits consider replacing the cartridge with a new one. See 9.3 Important notes on debris.

Isolate the fitting by turning the isolating valves 90° anti-clockwise (viewed facing the iso-valve).

Remove the lever handle as described in 9.1. Unscrew the cartridge from the body with a 36mm a/f deep socket. Inspect cartridge for damage.

Replace cartridge if necessary and reassemble cartridge into body.

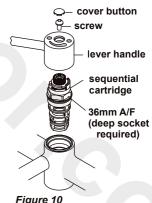
The replacement cartridge should be tightened to a torque of 15Nm. (To re-secure the cartridge we recommend the use of Permabond A011 or equivalent applied to the thread of the cartridge)

Replace lever handle (see sect 5.2) and reinstate the supplies.

Figure 10 Exploded view showing sequential cartridge

After fitting the new cartridge start the test procedure from the section on commissioning.

- Redo the Cold Water Isolation (CWI) test (See 7.5).
- Once satisfied with the CWI test, re-check and if necessary, adjust the maximum mix temperature, see (See 9.1).
- Record the mix temperature.



9.3 Important notes on debris

Although this product is protected by built-in filters, debris can still find its way to the thermostat housing area. This can happen during servicing for example. Remove cartridge (see section 9.2) and carry out an inspection.

9.4 Thermostatic Cartridge Ageing

Following many years of normal service you may notice the following:

- 1. The need to carry out more frequent adjustment of mixed temperature.
- 2. The thermostatic element may not pass the CWI test.

These issues could be due to the ageing of the thermostat which loses some expansion capability over time.

These are the principle objectives of testing, as they serve to indicate to maintenance staff the declining performance capability of the thermostatic cartridge.

For this reason the audit testing flow chart highlights that 2nd Instance CWI test failure or 2nd instance mixed deviation even with stable 'as commissioned' supply conditions and correct inlet supply Δt 's, is potentially the first indication of the need to replace the cartridge.

9.5 Armitage Bioguard Outlet

Traditional "flow straightener" type outlets have recently been identified by extensive research as an area most likely to harbour bacteria. This product uses an Armitage Bioguard outlet which replaces this traditional flow straightener with a fully open copper-lined waterway. This greatly reduces the risk of bacteria build-up whilst the copper lining has natural anti-microbial properties.

Outlet is suitable for autoclaving.

In the interests of infection control and health hygiene, the Armitage Bioguard Outlet is a supplement to, not a substitute for, standard infection control practices. Continue to follow all current protocols, including those practices related to cleaning and disinfection of surfaces. Refer to HTM04-01 for more details.

Patent pending for Armitage Bioguard antibacterial outlet, application No: 10 2012 107 243.4

OUTLET FILTER: The Armitage Bioguard outlet can be removed (as described below) & replaced with a universal filter adaptor, see section 14. The adaptor will accept most filter types which are externally threaded M24x1.

9.6 Outlet cleaning

On a regular basis the outlet should be inspected and cleaned.

To unscrew and remove the outlet, use an adjustable spanner on the flats (20mm). To refit, hand tighten and then use the spanner until the outlet has bottomed in the bore. Take care not to over tighten.

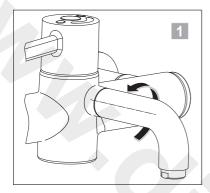
In areas where lime scale build-up is prevalent this should be avoided by regular cleaning. If it should build up, it will have to be removed. An inhibited proprietary scale solvent can be used such a kettle descaling solvent but it is important to follow the manufacturer's guidelines. After descaling it is important to rinse the parts thoroughly in clean water. Clean carefully and do not use abrasive materials or scrapers

Note: Lime scale deposits should be removed prior to using any disinfection treatments.

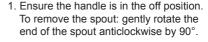
9.7 Spout removal

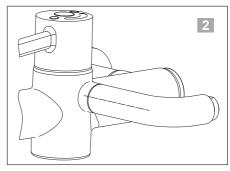
This mixer is fitted with a quick easily removable spout to assist with cleaning, disinfection by immersion or sterilisation by autoclaving.

Procedure assumes availability of a replacement spout. For both practical functional reasons along with environmental contamination reasons, the mixer should not be left without a spout in place.



2. The spout should now be in the horizontal position as shown.





3

3. Gently pull the spout away from the body as shown.

Quarantine this spout for cleaning protocols.

Ensure replacement spout complies with cleaning protocols.

To refit a spout, reverse this procedure.

Cleaning / disinfecting / sterilising the removed spout.

Physical **cleaning** is only necessary if evidence of solid deposits e.g. calcium or similar can be seen around the outlet

Disinfection can be achieved by immersing in an appropriate bactericidal solution, using this method we would strongly recommend removal of the Armitage Bioguard outlet from the spout prior to immersion. For disinfection solution see section 9.9.

Sterilisation can be achieved by autoclaving for the desired period. Complete spout can be autoclaved (NB; the seals can withstand this process).

Additional spouts are available so during cleaning protocols an alternative spout can be fitted while the original is removed. This insures continuity of use of the mixer. For additional spout part numbers, see section 14.



IMPORTANT:

Do not leave the mixer outlet open without a spout fitted.

9.8 Demounting mixer

In response to the new requirements of HTM 04-01 Addendum, the designs of these mixers have been enhanced to permit easy demounting of the mixer from the inlets.

This updated design permits quick & easy removal of the mixer for cleaning, disinfection (as section 9.7 notes) & maintenance purposes.

Prior to commencing this procedure, you should have available either a replacement mixer (without inlets) or a pair of protective cover caps. See section 14.

Method for demounting mixers:

- Isolate the hot and cold water supplies using the integral ball valves.
 See section 11.
 Operate mixer lever to confirm water supplies are closed off.
- Undo the 2 grub screws securing the mixer using a 3mm hexagon key. (Take care not to lose the screws).
- Remove the mixer from the inlets, by gently pulling away as shown. Expect some trapped water to escape.
- During cleaning protocols:
 Fit a replacement mixer (without inlets) to ensure continuity of use. Alternatively fit cover caps to protect & seal the inlets.
- 5. To refit the mixer; reverse this procedure. Tighten screws securely.

Disinfection by full immersion in an appropriate bactericidal solution is recommended for this assembly. Prior to immersion, the fitting should be clean and dismantled to a level that prevents air locking. In some cases it may be considered appropriate to dismantle the fitting prior to demounting.

The level of dismantling should be established as a result of practice and will be largely dependant upon the water quality and service life. As a minimum we recommend removal of the lever handle, thermostatic cartridge & the maintenance carriers in each side of the body. Cleaning the filter screens on the latter is of great importance, see section 11. All components can be immersed together unassembled.

Disinfected mixers should be promptly replaced or stored using an appropriate method until required. For disinfection solution see section 9.9

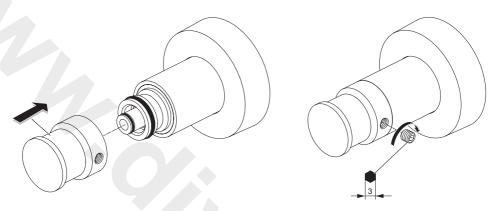


Take care to avoid damaging the inlet seals. Damage to these seals would compromise the insulate feature & affect the mixer's thermostatic performance. See section 12 for spare "demountable seal kit".

Protective cover caps

If a replacement mixer is not available, a pair of protective cover caps should be fitted to the inlets. For product code see section 14.

For both practical and functional reasons along with environmental contamination reasons, the inlets should not be left open.



Push the caps onto the inlets until they stop against the shoulder. Take care not to damage the o-ring seals. Secure the caps with grub screws as shown using a 3mm hexagonal key. Leave the hot & cold supplies isolated. Cover caps should be disinfected / sterilised when necessary.



IMPORTANT:

Do not leave the mixer inlets open without a body or cover caps fitted.

9.9 Disinfection solution

As discussed in sections 9.7 & 9.8, for disinfection, we recommend parts be immersed in an appropriate bactericidal solution

The frequency of such disinfection actions will be derived from regular sampling carried out under the regime of the Responsible Person (Water). We would not expect to need greater than 6 monthly frequencies, hopefully considerably less.

The need for excessive use of this procedure would be indicative of the need for some root cause analysis as there could be some system or behavioural problems that need addressing.

10 INTEGRAL THERMAL-DISINFECTION

This fitting is equipped with a disinfecting feature, which allows an engineer to feed water from the hot inlet via a temporary bypass hose* into the cold inlet. This hot water then passes through the cold inlet, the thermostatic mixing chamber and out through the mixed water outlet. The temporary bypass hose is inserted into special valve connectors in the inlet tails normally concealed by the shrouds.

Safety Note: Care should be taken when carrying out the following procedure to avoid contact with hot water and hot surfaces. We recommend the use of protective hand wear.

To disinfect the fitting proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the wall shrouds and slide forward
- 2. Isolate both inlets by turning the isolation valves through 90° anti-clockwise.
- Remove dust covers from the exposed nipples and push-fit the temporary flexible hose inserting the cold side first and then the hot.
- 4. Operate the fitting lever in line with the spout position.
- 5. Now turn the hot isolation valve clockwise. Hot water will now pass from the hot inlet, through the by-pass hose into the cold inlet and thence into the thermostatic mixing chamber and spout. Here by the nature of the thermostatic element it will fully open the cold port. The hot water will then discharge to waste via the fitting's outlet.

See table 3 below for a guide to disinfection temperatures v/s time:

*The temporary bypass hose is available as an optional extra Part No. S8239NU)

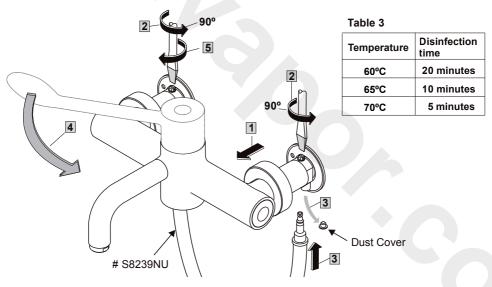


Figure 11 Fitting the Temporary bypass hose

Following the recommended disinfection period, turn the hot isolation valve back to the isolation position, turn off the fitting and remove the bypass hose - hot side first then the cold. Turn both isolation valves back to the normal flow position. Check for normal operation of the fitting and replace dust caps and shrouds.

11 INTEGRAL ISOLATING VALVES, CHECK VALVES STRAINERS & REGULATORS

The integral isolation valves facilitate a number of activities:

- · Cleaning strainers
- · Servicing the thermostatic cartridge
- Connecting hose for integral thermal disinfection
- · Audit cold water isolation test
- · Demounting the mixer from its inlets
- Control flow during hydro-purge

Check valves

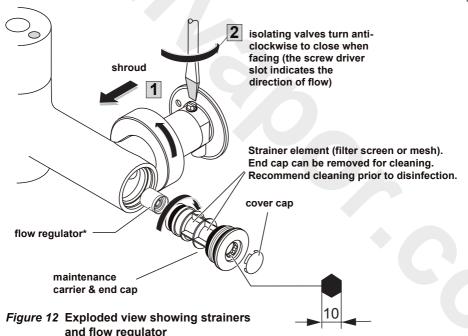
To prevent back siphonage of water to the supply pipes, check valves are fitted inside the inlet tails (19) – see figure 13.

These check valves can be maintained/replaced, but MUST NOT BE REMOVED.

Strainers

To ensure trouble free operation of the fitting, the strainer elements should be checked and cleaned in accordance with the commissioning and servicing guide. (see section 7 & 8)

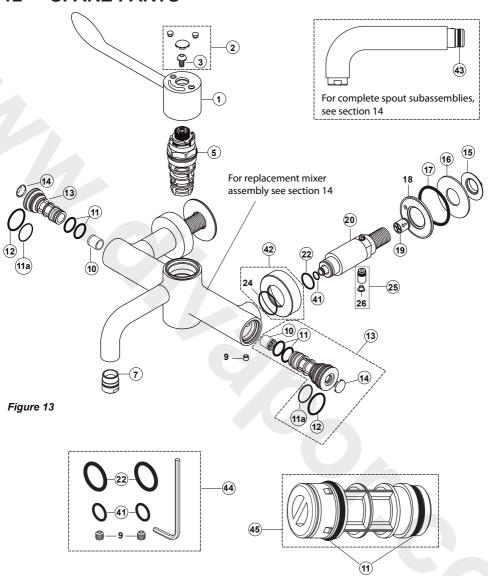
To access the strainer element, first unscrew and slide back the shrouds and close the isolation valves. Prise out the cover cap then unscrew the end cap using a 10mm Allen key and withdraw the maintenance carrier. The strainer element should be washed with clean water & disinfected before refitting.



*To achieve a suitable flow rate where supply pressures are very low it may be necessary to remove the flow regulator (*item 10 figure 13*).

NOTE: The flow regulator fitted in each maintenance carrier is nominally rated 5L/min. Therefore mixer is flow regulated to max 10L/min

12 SPARE PARTS





For more information on spare parts why not visit our spare website:

www.fastpart-spares.co.uk

or contact customer care

SPARE PARTS LIST 13

Ref.	Description	Part No.
1	Lever Handle	E960668AA
2	Index kit	E960615AA
3	Handle screw	A961950NU
5	Sequential, thermostatic cartridge	A962280NU
5a	Sequential, thermostatic cartridge (10 bulk pack)	F960879NU
7	Armitage Bioguard outlet with o-ring seal	F960847AA
9	Grub screw M6 x 6 - (available within item 44)	-
10	Flow regulator 5L/min (Pair)	A962689NU
11	O-ring dia 17.6 x 2.4	A962497NU
11a	O-ring 25.0 x 1.5	A962496NU
12	O-ring dia 34.0 x 2.0	A960183NU
13	End cap, maintenance carrier & filter (complete with o-rings)	A962343AA
14	Index button	E960641AA
15	Backnut	E960112NU
16	Slip washer dia 60 x 25 x 2	E960631NU
17	O-ring 51.6 x 2.4	E960632NU
18	Wall plate	E960633NU
19	Check valve DW15 (Pair)	A962594NU
20	Straight inlet tail with maintenance / disinfecting valve	A962344AA
22	O-ring dia 17 x 2.5 (set of 4) - (available within item 44)	A963143NU
24	O-ring dia 34.1 x 1.6	-
25	Thermal disinfection nipple assembly (fit hand tight only)	A962498AA
26	Dust cover	-
41	O-ring dia 8.1 x 1.6 (single) - (available within item 44)	A962345NU
42	Shroud	A962346AA
43	O-ring Ø15 x 2.5 (for removable spout)	A961003NU
44	Demountable seal kit with grub screws, o-rings & hex hey	F961004NU
45	Strainer & O-ring kit (10 bulk pack)	F961078NU



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MARKWIK 21 ACCESSORIES 14

A6253AA

Replacement panel mount mixer without inlet legs & without lever handle. Fitted with A6250AA spout. See section 9.8



A6252AA

Panel mount spout complete. Short version with 100mm reach. Fitted with Armitage Bioguard outlet & o-ring at the mixer coupling end. See section 9.7

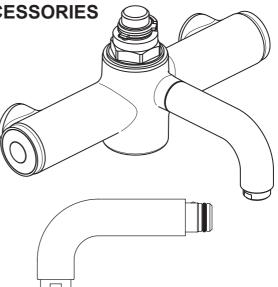


Cover caps kit.

To protect & seal the inlets legs when a mixer has been demounted & removed. See section 9.8



To assist with flushing pipe work after installation. Supplied in pairs with seals & swivel elbows. See section 5.1



A6250AA

Panel mount spout complete. With normal 135mm reach. Fitted with Armitage Bioguard outlet & o-ring at the mixer coupling end. See section 9.7



A6256AA

Universal filter adaptor. Replaces the Armitage Bioguard outlet to permit attachment of an outlet filter. Threaded M24x1 (internal).



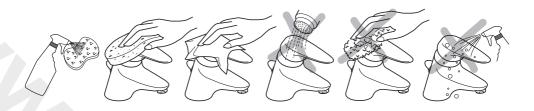
S8239NU

Thermal disinfection kit Flexible hose used with mixer's integral thermal disinfection feature See section 10.



For more information on accessories contact our customer care.

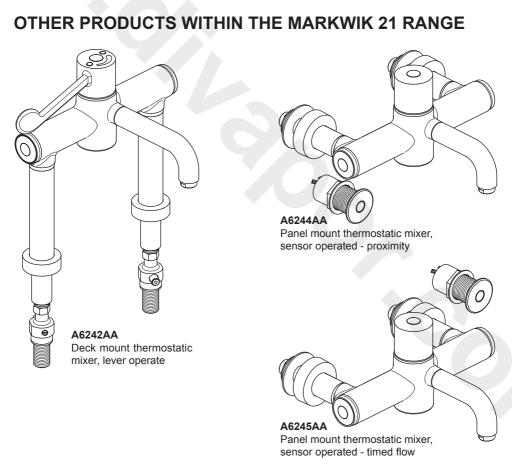
15 CLEANING CHROME SURFACES



When cleaning chromed products use only a mild detergent, rinse & wipe dry with a soft cloth. Ideally clean after each use to maintain appearance.

Never use abrasive, scouring powders or scrapers. Never use cleaning agents containing alcohol, ammonia, hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid, nitric acid, progress also solvents. Use of incorrect cleaning products / methods may result in chronic solvents.

phosphoric acid or organic solvents. Use of incorrect cleaning products / methods may result in chrome damage which is not covered by the manufacturer's guarantee.



All products have demountable mixer bodies & removable spouts fitted with Armitage Bioguard outlet.

For more information about our products visit our websites:

www.armitage-shanks.co.uk www.idealspec.co.uk www.fastpart-spares.co.uk







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Armitage Shanks pursues a policy of continuing improvement in design and performance of its products.

This right is therefore reserved to vary specification without notice.

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